



# **IBPS-RRB**

**Office Assistant and Officer Scale - 1**

**REGIONAL RURAL BANKS**

**Volume – 3**

**Reasoning**



# IBPS – RRB

S.No.	Chapter	Page No.
<b>Reasoning</b>		
1.	<b>Alphabet Test</b>	<b>1</b>
2.	<b>Coding – Decoding</b>	<b>10</b>
3.	<b>Ranking &amp; Order</b>	<b>23</b>
4.	<b>Distance and Direction</b>	<b>37</b>
5.	<b>Blood Relation</b>	<b>47</b>
6.	<b>Puzzle Test</b>	<b>56</b>
7.	<b>Seating Arrangement</b>	<b>84</b>
8.	<b>Inequalities</b>	<b>93</b>
9.	<b>Syllogism</b>	<b>110</b>
10.	<b>Input – Output</b>	<b>120</b>
11.	<b>Analogy</b>	<b>130</b>
12.	<b>Classification</b>	<b>147</b>
13.	<b>Missing Number</b>	<b>161</b>
14.	<b>Statement &amp; Argument</b>	<b>169</b>
15.	<b>Statement – Assumption</b>	<b>185</b>
16.	<b>Statement and Course of Action</b>	<b>192</b>
17.	<b>Cause and Effect</b>	<b>200</b>
18.	<b>Decision Making</b>	<b>208</b>

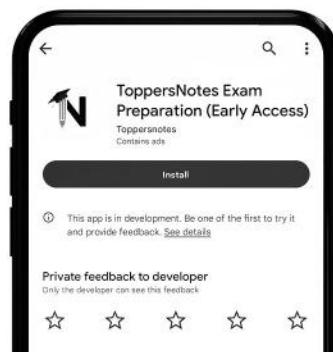
**Dear Aspirant,**  
**Thank you for making the right decision by choosing ToppersNotes.**  
**To use the QR codes in the book, Please follow the below steps :-**



To install the app, scan the QR code with your mobile phone camera or Google Lens



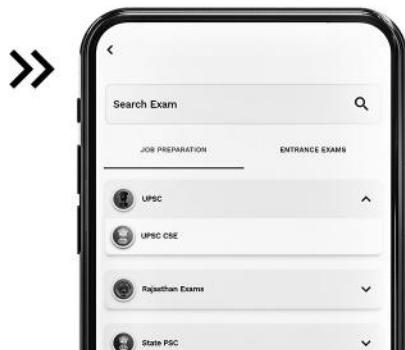
**ToppersNotes Exam Preparation app**



Download the app from Google play store



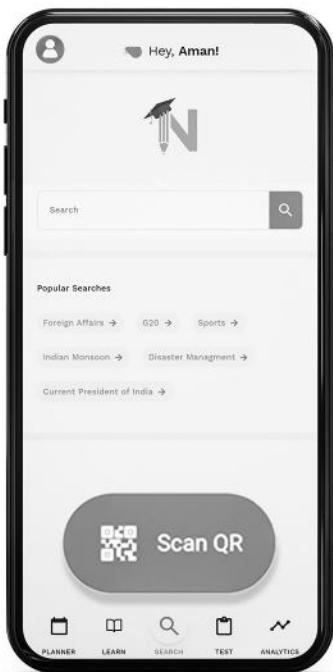
To Login enter your phone number



Choose your exam



Click on search Button



Click on Scan QR



Choose the QR from book

- • Solution Videos
- • Concept Videos
- • Doubt Videos
  
- • Additional Learning Material
  
- • Topic wise practice
- • Weakness analysis
  
- • Rank Predictor
- • Test Practice

For any help,  
write us at [hello@toppersnotes.com](mailto:hello@toppersnotes.com) or  
whatsapp on [7665641122](https://wa.me/7665641122).

# ALPHABET TEST

Alphabet :

These are 26 letters in an English Alphabet,  
A to Z.

Left →													← Right												
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1

(when counted from Z to A)

Place value  
Reverse order

First half → (A to M)	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	→ 13
	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓	↑	↓
Second half → (N to Z)	Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N	→ 13
	26	25	24	23	22	21	20	19	18	17	16	15	14	Reverse of the letters

E	J	O	T	Y
5	10	15	20	25

Remember 'EJOTY'

C	F	I	L	O	R	U	X
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24

'CFILORUX'

Nowels →	A	E	I	O	U
	1	5	9	15	21

when at the left of the left letter or right of the right letter is asked, we'll find -the difference of their sequence (for same side).

example :-

Which is the 7<sup>th</sup> letter from the left of the 10<sup>th</sup> letter from left in english alphabet?

Sol:- Left    Left

$$10 - 7 = 3^{\text{rd}} \text{ letter}$$

$$3^{\text{rd}} \text{ letter} = C$$

when at the left of the right letter or right of the left letter is asked , we'll find the sum of their sequences ( for two difference side's sequence)

example :- a) which will be the 8<sup>th</sup> letters at the right from 12<sup>th</sup> letter from left.

Sol:- Left + Right

$$12 + 8 = 20^{\text{th}} \text{ letter} = T$$

T will be the 20<sup>th</sup> letter from left in the english alphabet.

b) which will be the letters in English Alphabet, which is 7<sup>th</sup> at left from 12<sup>th</sup> from right.

l:- Here for 2 different sides we add sequence no. of the letters

i.e. Right + Left

$$12 + 7 = 19$$

So, 19<sup>th</sup> letter from Right side, we subtract 19 from 27.

$$27 - 19 = 8^{\text{th}}$$

8<sup>th</sup> letter from left side is 'H'

\* When position of letter is asked from right side (%), we minus from 27.

Like 1. R is 18 from left side then what is the position from right side.

Sol.<sup>?</sup>  $27 - 18 = 9$

R is 9<sup>th</sup> from Right side in English Alphabet.

Example : which will be the letter in English alphabet, which is 6<sup>th</sup> at right from 22<sup>nd</sup> from right?

Sol.<sup>?</sup> Right - Right  
 $22 - 6 = 16$

So, 16<sup>th</sup> letters from right means

$27 - 16 = 11^{\text{th}}$  from left. and  
 K is the 11<sup>th</sup> letter from left.

Example : Which letter is 10<sup>th</sup> to Right of 19<sup>th</sup> letter from Right.

Sol.<sup>?</sup> Right - Right  
 $19 - 10 = 9$

So,  $27 - 9 = 18 = R$

In short

- At the right from right ] (-)
- At the left from left ]
- At the left from Right ] (+)
- At the Right from left ]

Q. When a series of letter symbol digit is given :

Example : Study the following arrangement carefully and answer the following questions:

R4PIJMQ3%T@①UKSVIW\$Y2BEG#9DH@G\*ZN

Q1. which is 6<sup>th</sup> at the left of 15<sup>th</sup> from the left in above arrangement.

Sol<sup>n</sup>.

Left	-	Left
15	-	6
$= 9^{\text{th}}$ from left		

So answer = %.

Q2 : In the above arrangement ; how many numbers are such which are produced by consonant and not followed by a letter ?

Sol<sup>n</sup>. Answer = one

$\begin{matrix} A & 3 & \% \\ \downarrow & \downarrow & \rightarrow \\ \text{consonant} & \text{Number} & \text{not letters.} \end{matrix}$

Q 3. Arrangement according to Dictionary : In  
 In this arrangement, we arrange the letters in the

Order in which they appear in the English alphabet.

For example :- 1. Choose the one that comes at the second place according to dictionary.

- A. Bathing
- B. Banking
- C. Backing
- D. Banishing
- E. Barricading.

Sol<sup>m</sup>: According to English dictionary.

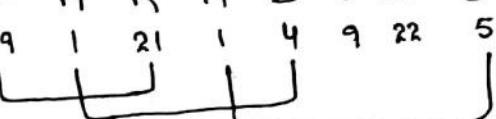
Backing , Banishing , Banking , Barricading , Bathing

1            2            3            4            5

So, banishing is at second place.

\* 2. How many letter pairs in the word PARADISE are such pairs, which contain the same no. of letters between them as they have in the English Alphabet?

Sol<sup>m</sup>:

P	A	R	A	D	I	S	E
19	1	21	1	4	9	22	5
							

we have 3 letter pairs here.

\* 3. If the 2<sup>nd</sup> half of the English alphabet is written in reverse order, then which letter will be the 13<sup>th</sup> at right from 8<sup>th</sup> from left?

Explanation :-

According to Question A → MZ → N

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N Z Y X W V U T S R Q P O N

$$\text{Now } \underset{\Theta}{\cancel{L}} + \underset{13}{\cancel{R}} = 21$$

So, 21 letters, 13 are from A to M, remaining  $\Theta$  should be counted from Z to N, which is 'S'.



Topper's Notes  
Unleash the topper in you

### Solved Examples

Q.1 If the second half of the English Alphabet is reversed then which letter will be  $4^{\text{th}}$  to the right of  $20^{\text{th}}$  letter from the right?

sol: Right - Right

$$\Rightarrow 20 - 4 = 16^{\text{th}} \text{ from Right}$$

$$\text{So } 27 - 16 = 11^{\text{th}} \text{ from Left} = K$$

$16^{\text{th}}$  from Right =  $11^{\text{th}}$  from Right

Q.2 Which letter is in the middle between the  $9^{\text{th}}$  letter from the right and  $8^{\text{th}}$  letter from the left in the English Alphabet?

sol: A → Z

$$8^{\text{th}} \text{ from left} = H \quad 9^{\text{th}} \text{ from the right} (27-9=18=R)$$

$$\text{So middle letter} = \frac{8+18}{2} = 13^{\text{th}} = M.$$

Q.3 A E C B % 7 D \$ E B 5 C ? 3 D E 9 @ 2 #. If all the vowels are dropped from the above arrangement which of the following will be the  $12^{\text{th}}$  from the left end of the above arrangement?

sol: After dropping vowels we have

CB%7 D \$ B 5 C ? 3 D 9 @ 2 #

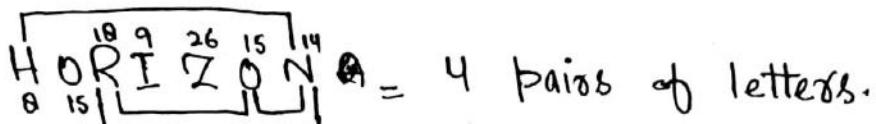
↑  
Ans

Q.4 If the sequence of the English alphabet is reversed then which is  $7^{\text{th}}$  to the left of second vowel from the right of English Alphabet in the new series?

sol: Second vowel from the right of reversed English alphabet is E and  $7^{\text{th}}$  letter to the left of E in the new series is L.

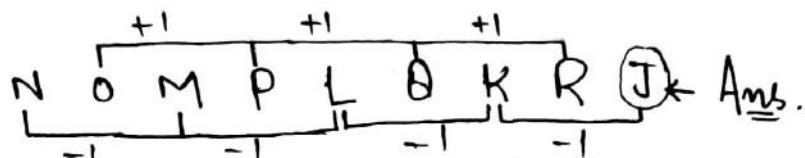
Q.5 How many pairs of letter are there in the word 'HORIZON' which have as many letters between them in the word as in the English Alphabet?

Sol:



Q.6 What is the next letter of the following sequence N, O, M, P, L, Q, K, R, ?

Sol:



Q.7 If the first and second letters in the word 'MISFORTUNE' were interchanged, also the third and the fourth letters, the fifth and sixth letters and so on, which letter would then be the eighth letter counting to your left?

Sol:

New sequence = I M F S R O U <sup>8th</sup> T E N

Ans. = T.

Q.8 Arrange the given words in alphabetical order and choose the one that comes in the middle?

Sol: According to alphabet order →

shout, skirt, slaughter, specify, straight

middle word = slaughter.

Q.9 If NAMO = 172 and OM = 56, then SHIVAY = ?

Sol:

$$N A M O = 14 + 1 + 13 + 15 = 43 * 4 = 172$$

$$O M = 15 + 13 = 28 * 2 = 56$$

$$\begin{aligned} S H I V A Y &= 19 + 8 + 9 + 22 + 1 + 25 = 84 * 6 \\ &= 504 \end{aligned}$$

**Directions(10-14):** study the following arrangement of numbers, letters and symbols carefully and answer the questions given below.

R @ 29 T V A Y 5 © # J I P 8 Q \$ E 3 \* H % 6 W 4 ! δ U Z

Q.10 Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on their positions in the above arrangement, and so form a group. Which is the one that does not belong to the group?

J P ©, E \* Q, W ! %, 9 V @, 1 # δ

sol:  $\begin{array}{c} \text{J P C} \\ \boxed{+2 -4} \\ \text{E * Q} \\ \boxed{+2 -4} \\ \text{W I \%} \\ \boxed{+2 -4} \\ \text{9 V @} \\ \boxed{+2 -4} \\ \text{1 # 8} \\ \boxed{-2 +16} \end{array}$

Ans 1 # 8

Q.11 Which of the following is the fifth to the right of the 19<sup>th</sup> element from the right end?

P, V, W, S, Q

sol:  $19 - 5 = 19^{\text{th}}$  element from the right end = Q.

Q.12 How many such numbers are there in the given arrangement, each of which is immediately preceded by the consonant and immediately followed by a symbol?

sol: Y S @ → 1 pair

Q.13 If the positions of the last 18 elements in the given arrangement are reversed, which will be the 17<sup>th</sup> from the left end?

sol: After arrangement

R @ 29 T V A Y S @ # 2 U S I 4 W 6 % H \* 3 E \$ Q O P I J

Q.14 How many such vowels are there in the given arrangement, each of which is either immediately followed by a symbol?  
Ans: U

sol:

3 Vowels = E, I and U

Q.15 How many meaningful words can be formed from the 3<sup>rd</sup>, 4<sup>th</sup>, 6<sup>th</sup> and 8<sup>th</sup> letter of the word 'CONTROVERSIAL'?

sol:

C O N T R O V E R S I A L  
 ↓      ↓      ↓      ↓  
 3<sup>rd</sup>   4<sup>th</sup>   6<sup>th</sup>   8<sup>th</sup>

N, T, O, E → 2 words : Note, TONE  
 can be formed

## CODING DECODING

Coding is the process of assigning a code to something for classification or identification.

Decoding is the reverse process of coding. Here coded message is deciphered.

There are three methods which are mostly used in coding and decoding:

- a) According to place value
- b) opposite letter relation / F-26 rule
- c) Cyclic use / F-13 rule.

a) According to place value:

A	8	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26

Ques If E = S, RAM = 18 113 then SHYAM = ?

Sol<sup>n</sup> 5 is place value of E



so SHYAM → 19 8 25 1 13

Ques If  $ON = 1514$ ,  $OLD = 15124$  then  $SINGI = ?$

Sol<sup>m</sup>  $ON \rightarrow 1514$

$OLD \rightarrow 15124$

$SINGI \rightarrow 199147$

b) Opposite letter deletion / formula - 26 rule :-

A	B	C	D	E	F	G <sub>1</sub>	H	I	J	K	L	M
Z	Y	X	W	V	U	T	S	R	Q	P	O	N

Here in this Method sum of opposite letters be 27

like :  $A \rightarrow 1$      $D \rightarrow 4$      $J \rightarrow 10$   
 $Z \rightarrow \frac{26}{27}$      $W \rightarrow \frac{23}{27}$      $Q \rightarrow \frac{17}{27}$

If we are given  $G_1$  and asked opposite letter  
then place value of  $G_1$  is 7

Opposite letter  $27 - 7 = 20 \rightarrow T$  (on place value 20)  
this comes

Ques If Rust = 9687,  $P=11$  then Jewel = ?

Sol<sup>m</sup>  $R U S T$   
 $\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow$   
 $g\ g\ 8\ 7$   
(I) (F) (H) (G)

$P$   
 $\downarrow$   
11  
(K)

$\because$  Here place values are given  
of opposite letter so

$$TRUST = \underset{(R)}{G_1} \underset{(U)}{I} \underset{(S)}{F} \underset{(T)}{H} \underset{(R)}{G_1} = 79687$$

Ques If  $K=16$ ,  $PEN = 112213$  then  $CAT = ?$

Sol<sup>m</sup>

$$K \rightarrow P = 16$$

$$PEN \rightarrow KVM = 112213$$

so

$$CAT \rightarrow XZG_1 = 24267$$

c) Cyclic use/ formula - 13 :

Here difference of opposite number and the number should be 13.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G <sub>1</sub>	H	I	J	K	L	M
N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z

like  $A=1$

$$F=6$$

then

then

$$\text{cyclic opposite} = 1+13 \\ = 14 = N$$

$$\text{cyclic opposite} = 6+13 \\ = 19 = S$$

Ques If  $C=16$ ,  $DOG_1 = 17220$  then  $CAT = ?$

Sol<sup>m</sup>

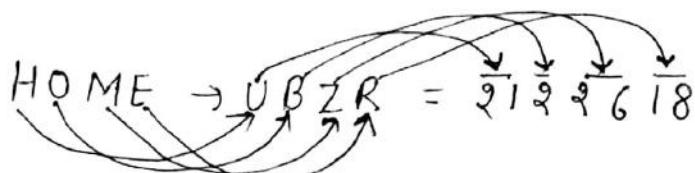
$$C \rightarrow P = 16$$

$$DOG_1 \rightarrow QBT = 17220$$

$$CAT \rightarrow PN G_1 = 16147$$

Ques If  $L = 25$   $HOME = 2122618$  then  $PLUS = ?$

Sol<sup>m</sup>  $L \rightarrow Y = 25$



$PLUS \rightarrow CYHF \rightarrow 32586$

→ There are other criteria, on the basis of that coding is done.

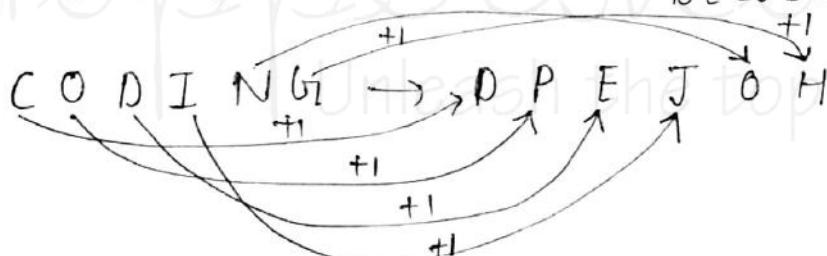
- PLUS (+) :

Like:	+1	+1	+1	+1
	+1	+2	+3	+4
	+4	+3	+2	+1
	+1	+2	+1	+2

... etc

Ques If CODING = DPEJ0H then DECODING = ?

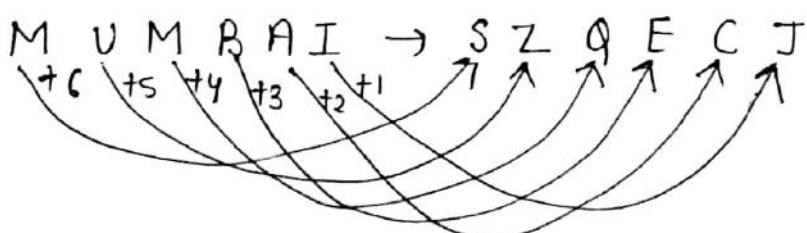
Sol<sup>m</sup>



$DECODING \rightarrow EFDPEJ0H$

Ques If MUMBAI = SZQECT then JAIPUR = ?

Sol<sup>m</sup>



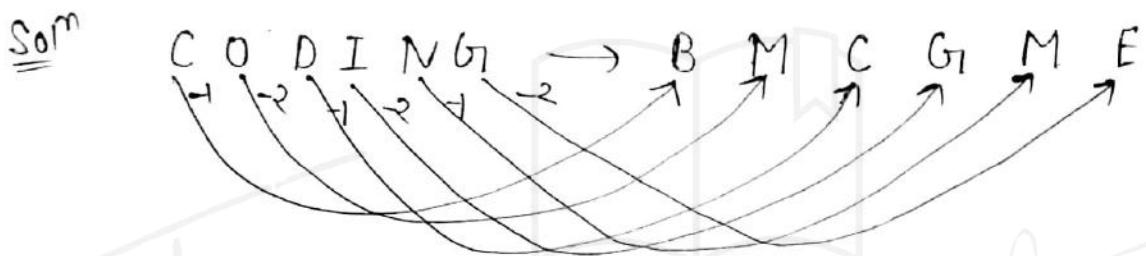
TAIPUR  $\rightarrow$  PFMS WS

- Minus (-):

Like:

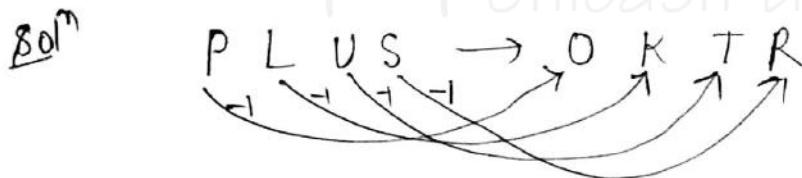
-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
-2	-1	-2	-1	-2
-2	-2	-2	-2	-2
-5	-4	-3	-2	-1
etc.				

Que If CODING = BMCGME then DECODING = ?



DECODING  $\rightarrow$  CCBMCGME

Que If PLUS = OKTR then LESS = ?



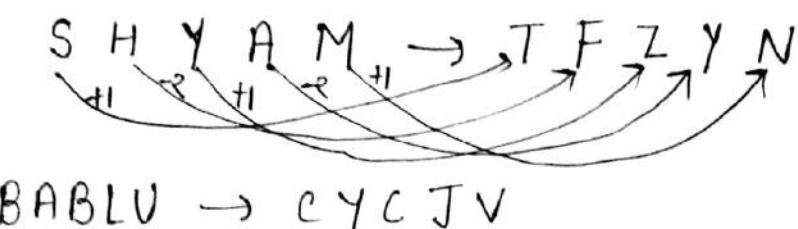
LESS  $\rightarrow$  KD RR

- PLUS - Minus or Minus - plus:

+1	-1	+1	-1
+1	-2	+3	-4
+1	-2	+1	-2
etc			

Que If SHYAM = TFZYN then BABLU = ?

Sol<sup>n</sup>



Que If RAM = Qcj then TOY = ?

Sol<sup>n</sup>



TOY → SQV

• Miscellaneous:

Que If SUM = 55 then EAT = ?

Sol<sup>n</sup>

$$SUM \rightarrow (19 + 21 + 13) = 53$$

$$EAT \rightarrow (5 + 1 + 20) = 26$$

Que IF SUM = 28 then EAT = ?

Sol<sup>n</sup>

$$\begin{array}{c} S \ U \ M \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ H \ F \ N \end{array} \rightarrow (8 + 6 + 14) = 28$$

$$\begin{array}{c} E \ A \ T \\ \downarrow \quad \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\ V \ Z \ G \end{array}$$

$$\rightarrow (22 + 26 + 7) = 55$$